



Final quiz

Answer sheet

Congratulations on finishing the Ready to Play Inclusion Module.

You can check your answers using this answer sheet. Correct answers are highlighted in green. Give yourself 1 point for each correctly answered question. Then add up your points to get your total out of the 10 questions.

Thank you for caring about making playgroups more inclusive for everyone.

Answers

1. What does 'inclusion' look like at playgroup?
 - A. Families at playgroup reflect the types of people and children you see in your local community.
 - B. Families from diverse cultural, linguistic and social backgrounds playing and socialising.
 - C. Families learning about people who aren't exactly like them.
 - D. All of the above.**
2. Inclusion is a universal human right. What does this mean?
 - A. All people are equal irrespective of race, gender, disability, medical or other need.**
 - B. Some people are considered better than others.
 - C. We do not need to think about people who aren't the same as us.
 - D. All of the above.



3. What is the difference between a community playgroup and an organisational playgroup?
 - A. Community playgroups are run by paid staff. Organisational playgroups are run by volunteers.
 - B. Community playgroups are not organised.
 - C. Organisational playgroups focus on specific family groups.
 - D. Organisational playgroups cost money to attend.
 - E. All of the above.

4. Your playgroup can make families from different linguistic and cultural groups feel welcome by:
 - A. Saying hello and chatting for a few minutes to learn about them and their children.
 - B. Displaying flags from different cultural groups.
 - C. Including activities that allow families to share stories or activities from their culture or language.
 - D. Displaying pictures and having books that represent people from different backgrounds.
 - E. All of the above

5. Families come to playgroup to:
 - A. Access free childcare.
 - B. Give children opportunities to play and socialise with other children.
 - C. Compare themselves to other parents.
 - D. Meet and interact with other families.
 - E. All of the above

6. Children or adults with disabilities are people like anyone else. Which of the following statements are true when describing people with disabilities in our communities?
 - A. People with disabilities are superheroes.
 - B. People with disabilities are people like everyone else.
 - C. People with disabilities have relationships like anyone else.
 - D. People who don't speak, can't communicate at all.
 - E. All of the above



7. Which of the following statements is/are true?
- A. Reducing noise and visual stimulation can be helpful to children with developmental differences.
 - B. Having a quiet space set up at playgroup can support children to lower their anxiety and avoid being overwhelmed.
 - C. Toys that make lots of noise are the best ones to use at playgroup.
 - D. It's important to put toys back in a different place after each playgroup session.
 - E. All of the above
8. Inclusive toys and books are:
- A. Specifically made for boys or for girls.
 - B. Gender neutral.
 - C. Made by specialist toy brands.
 - D. All of the above
9. Families who are coming to playgroup for the first time may feel ...
- A. Nervous and shy.
 - B. Worried that they are not doing parenting 'right'.
 - C. Excited to meet other adults and children.
 - D. Curious about how other families parent.
 - E. All of the above

10. Is the following statement true or false?

"Welcoming all different families to playgroup benefits everyone".

Yes

No

My total score is ___/10

If you have questions or need help with the quiz, please contact Playgroup Tasmania by email admin@playgrouptas.org.au